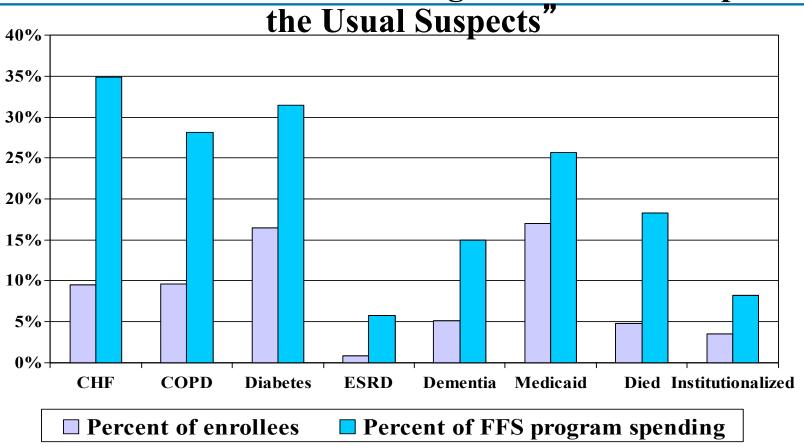
Member Selection for Care Management

Readmissions and Avoidable Admissions

Medicare Medical Management: "Round up



Source: C. Hogan and R. Schmidt, MedPAC Public Meeting, Washington, DC, 18 March 2004. Based on a representative sample of FFS enrollees and all their claims. Beneficiaries may be in multiple categories. Spending is for all claims costs, including treatment of beneficiaries' co-morbid conditions.

1

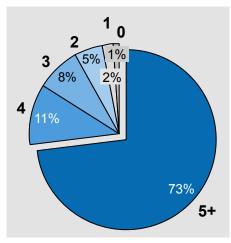
Members in Transitional Care Management

- ▶ Age = 76 (65-99)
- ▶ Chronic conditions = 7 (3-14)
- Prescribed medications = 8 (4-14)
- Average of 4.6 problems per patient
- Nurses addressed 32 different types of problems with 173 patients

Care Management Focus

73% of Medicare spending is on people with five or more concurrent chronic conditions

Medicare Cost Distribution by # of Chronic Diseases



Top Five Medicare Conditions

Heart Disease

Diabetes

Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD)

Chronic Renal Failure

Dementia

Engagement Opportunity

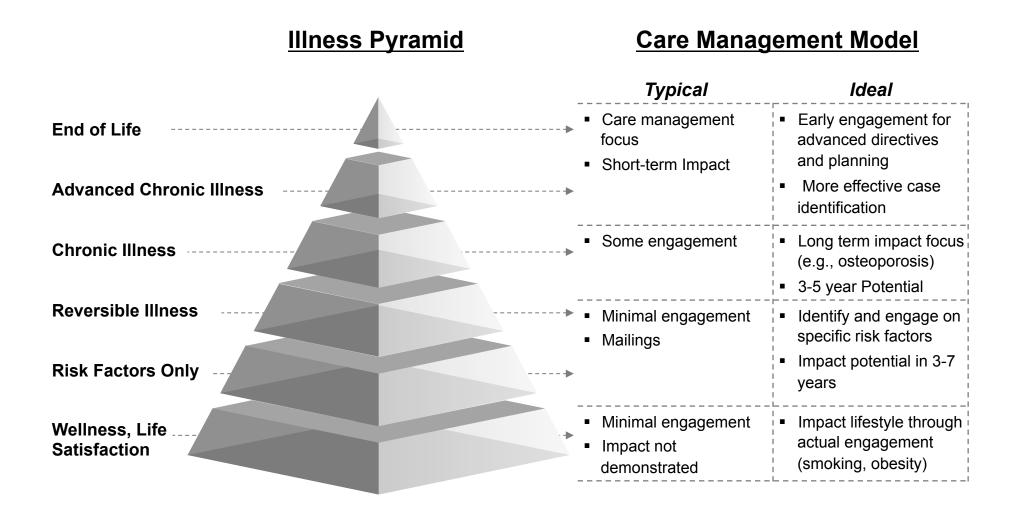
- Engagement in chronic disease program "matures" and shows impact – a process that develop over years vs. weeks / months
- ▶ Allows for ROI on prevention (e.g., Hypertension, Osteoporosis, Blood Sugar Management)

Programs That Show Impact

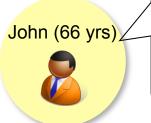
- Multiple chronic conditions
- Advanced illness
- Modifiable risk factors
- ▶ Transitional care
- Pharmacy management
- Ongoing follow up
- Ongoing risk evaluation

	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Yr 4	Yr 5	Yr 6	Yr 7	
Potential Impact on Avoidable Acute Utilization	22%	29%	34%	-	-	-	1	

Long-term Contract - A "Real" Care Management Opportunity



How Value Will Be Created: Example of Metabolic Syndrome



I am in a bad shape... I have -

- Hypertension
- Obesity
- High cholesterol
- · Borderline sugar
- High triglycerides
- ... and this can get worse

- Multiple chronic conditions
- Terminal illness
- Modifiable risk factors
- Transitional care
- **Pharmacy management**
- Ongoing follow up
- Ongoing risk evaluation

Unmanaged progression → ~ 3 yrs

~ 3 yrs

~ 3 - 5 vrs

End Organ Failure



End-of-Life

Anne



Pre-Diabetic

Define health goals

Customize plan to

modify risk factors

Review medications

adherence with

Work with member on

continuous feedback

- Diabetic
 - Onsite annual health risk assessment
 - Care coordination with PCP
 - Monitor Blood sugar, A'C, etc.
 - Continuous feedback
- Care coordination to assure care completion
- Long term case management
- Holistic management
- ▶ Follow up, education, and support
- Choices, options, psychosocial support

John's Impact

- Progression to Diabetes is delayed by ~ 10 years, OR
- ▶ Diabetes does not occur in Johns' lifetime!
- Progression to organ damage is delayed by 10 years, OR
- Organ damage does not occur in John's lifetime!
- Organ damage is managed and does not progress
- Organ damage does not result in Terminal Illness!
- Long term engagement facilitates Compassionate Care
- ▶ Effective impact on Advanced Illness